Given a string s, return *the number of substrings that have only* ***one distinct*** *letter*.

**Example 1:**

Input: s = "aaaba"  
Output: 8  
Explanation: The substrings with one distinct letter are "aaa", "aa", "a", "b".  
"aaa" occurs 1 time.  
"aa" occurs 2 times.  
"a" occurs 4 times.  
"b" occurs 1 time.  
So the answer is 1 + 2 + 4 + 1 = 8.

**Example 2:**

Input: s = "aaaaaaaaaa"  
Output: 55

**Constraints:**

* 1 <= s.length <= 1000
* s[i] consists of only lowercase English letters.